

Evanescent Waves at the Interface between Ear Canal and Otoacoustic Emission (OAE) Probe

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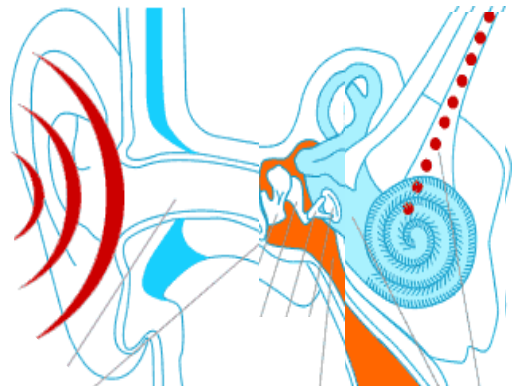
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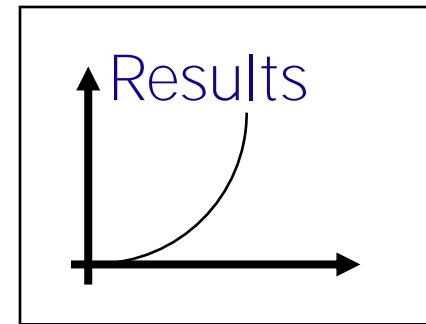
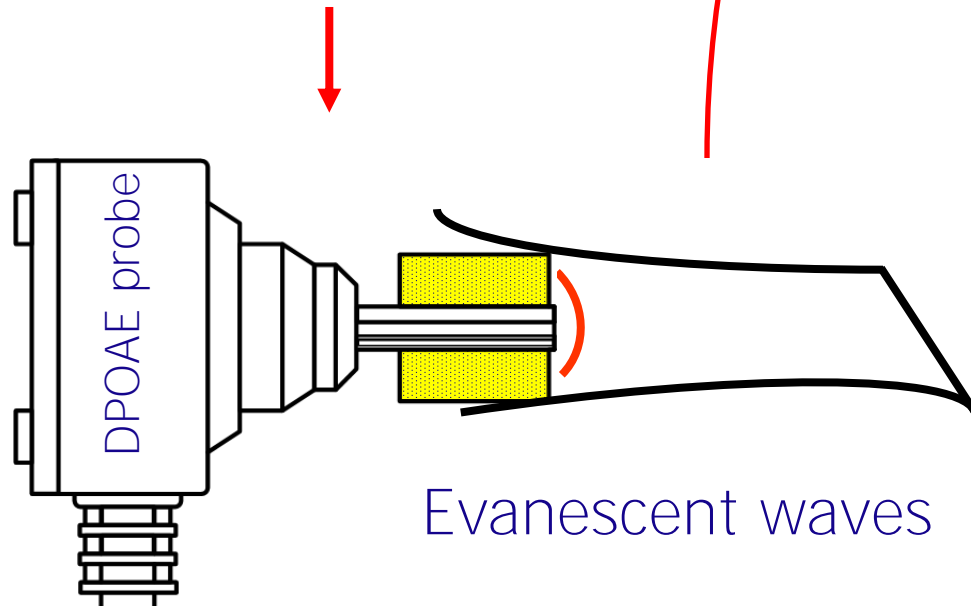


Overview



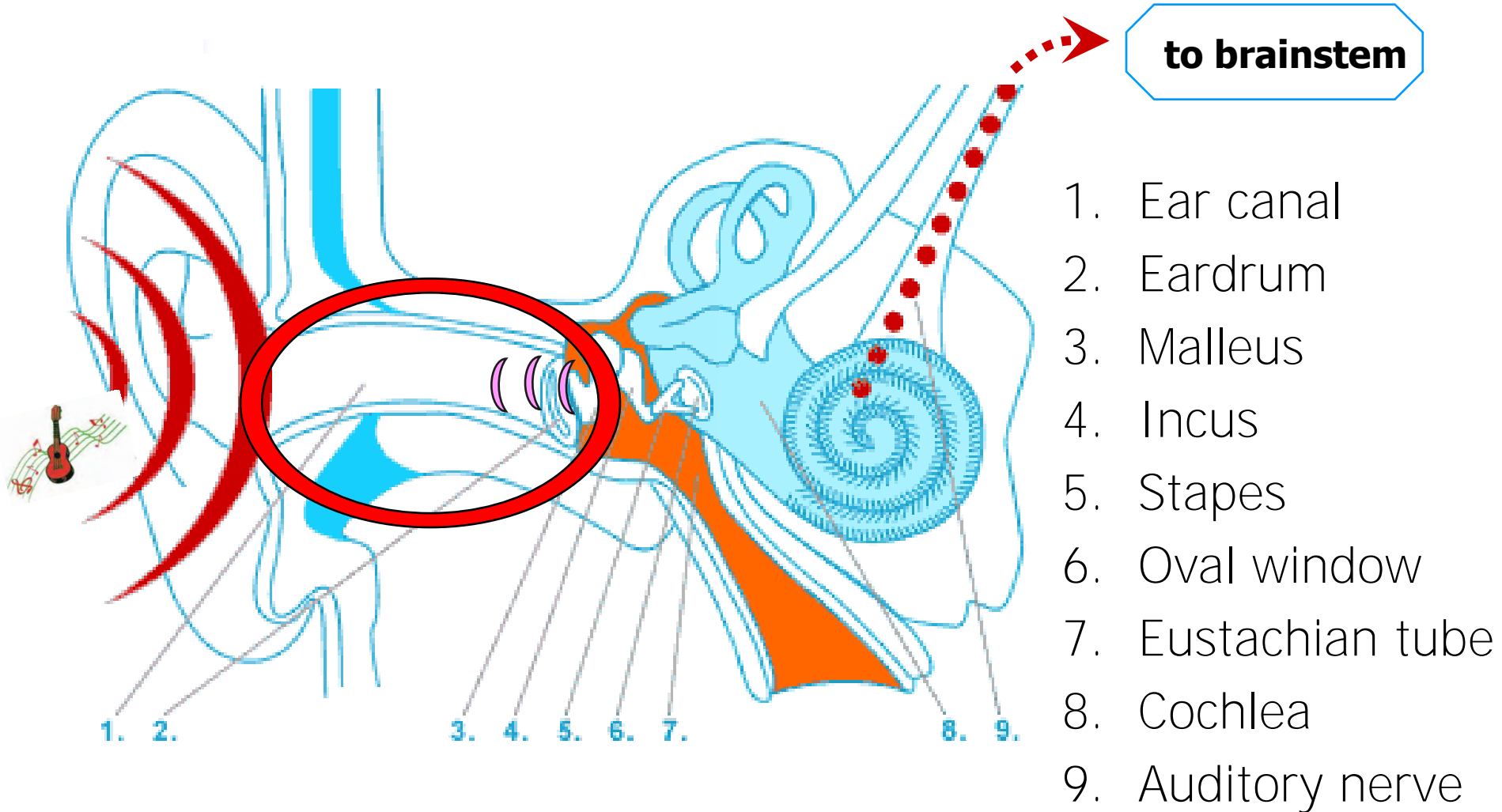
Otoacoustic Emissions

Ways to bypass evanescent waves (FE modelling)



Conclusions

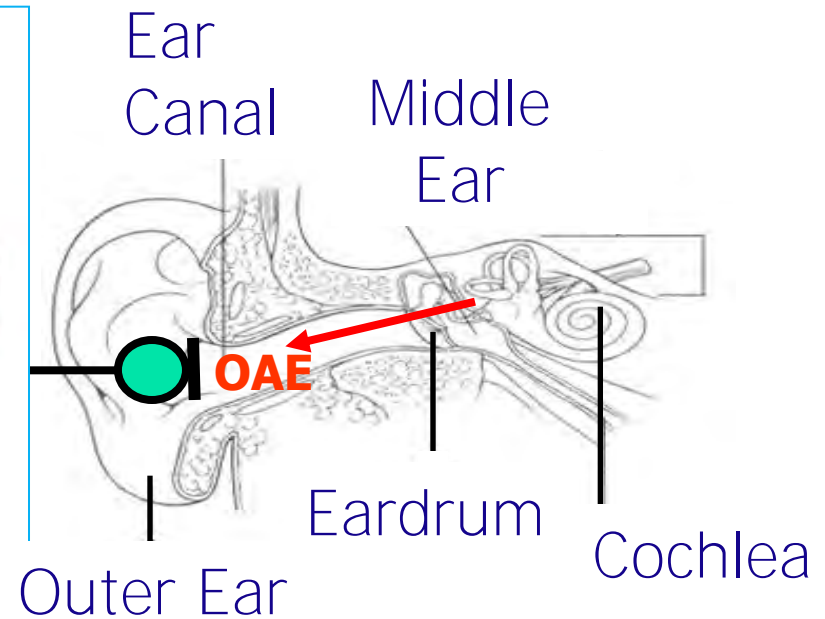
Anatomy of the Ear



Otoacoustic Emissions (OAEs)

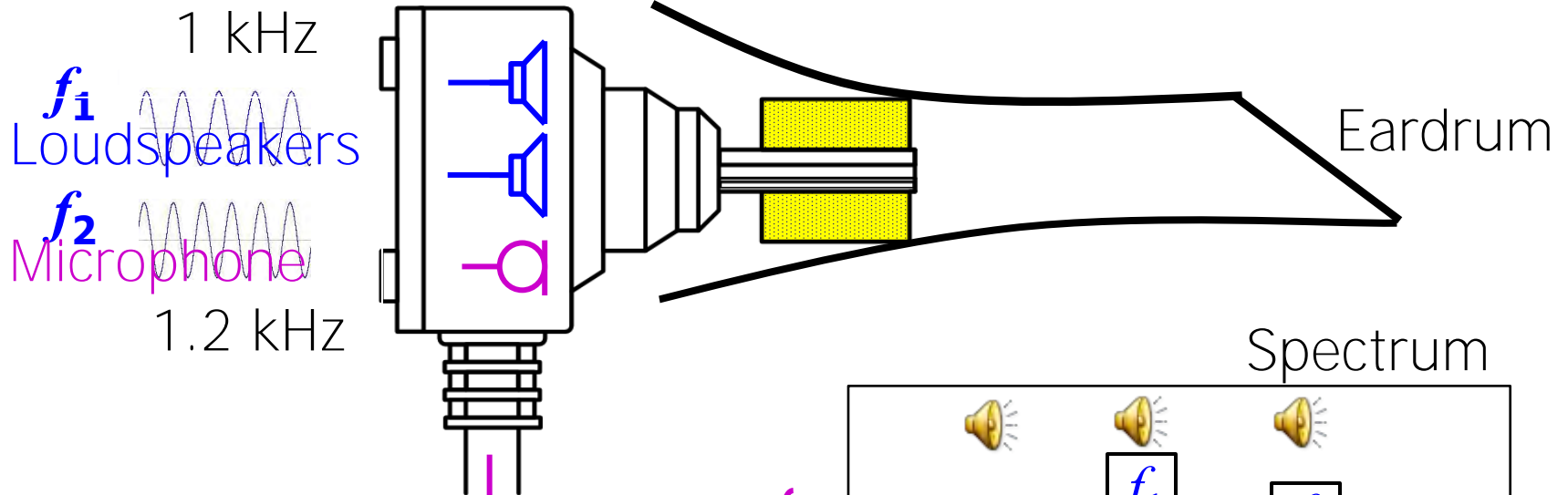
Kemp (1978) → OAE = Oto-Acoustic Emissions

OAE-Screening for newborns



Mack Medizintechnik

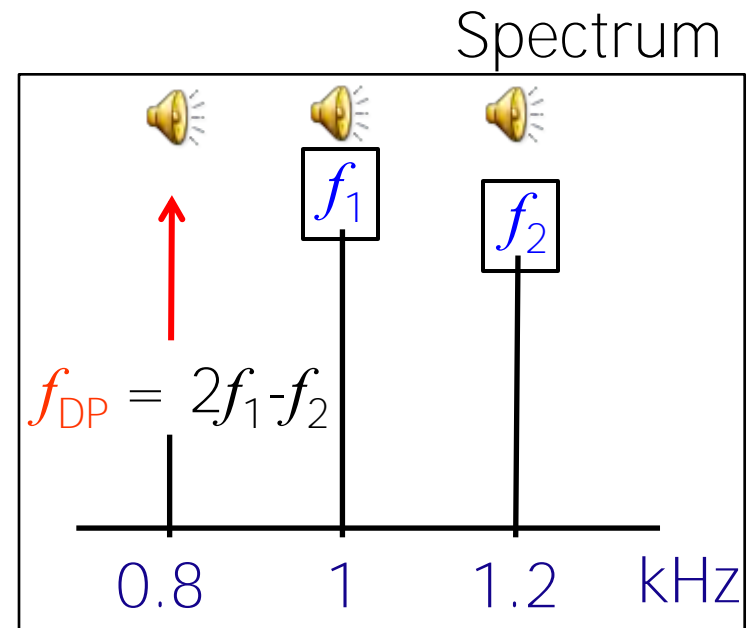
Distortion Product Otoacoustic Emission (DPOAE)



Primary tones:

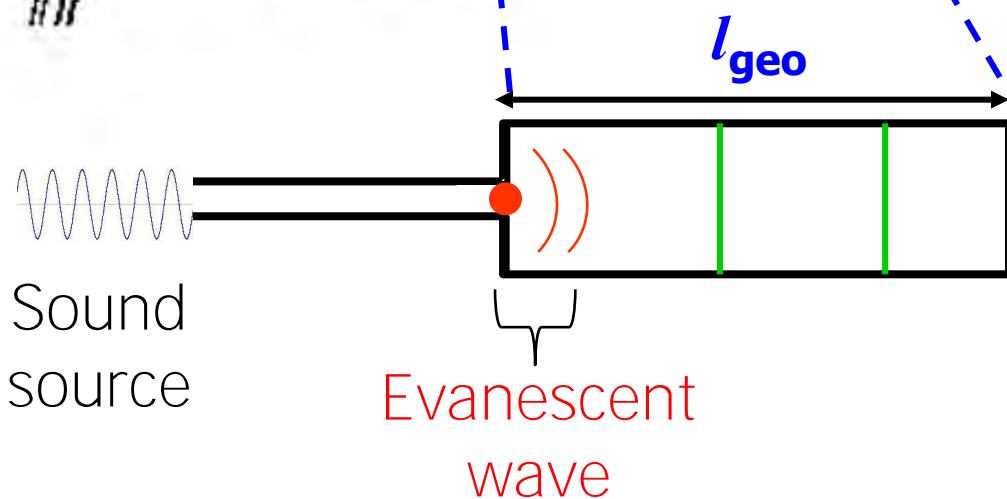
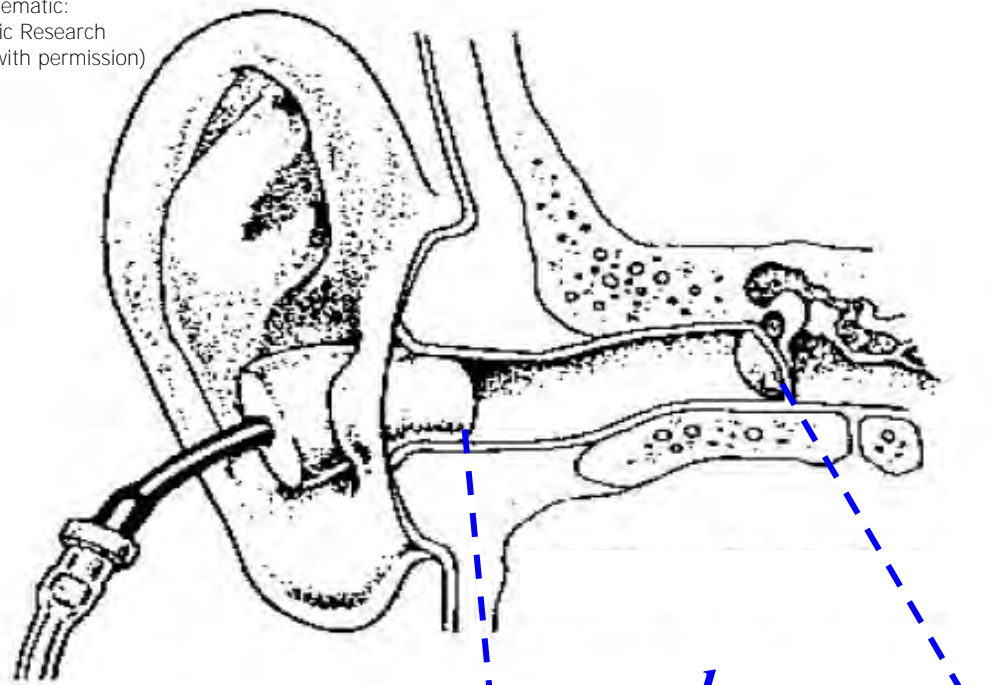
Frequencies: $f_2/f_1 = 1.2$

Levels: $L_1 = 65$ dB
 $L_2 = 55$ dB

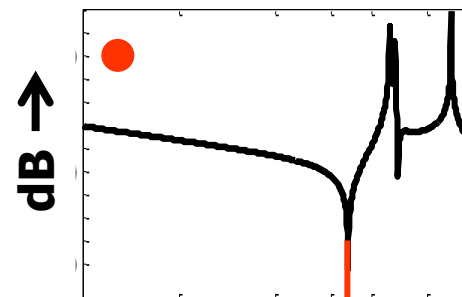


Where do evanescent waves come from?

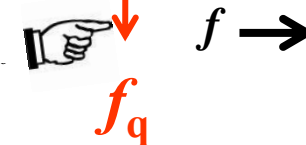
Ear schematic:
Etymotic Research
(used with permission)



Frequency response:



Quarter-wave frequency



Acoustic length:

$$l_{ac} = c / (4f_q)$$

c - speed of sound in air

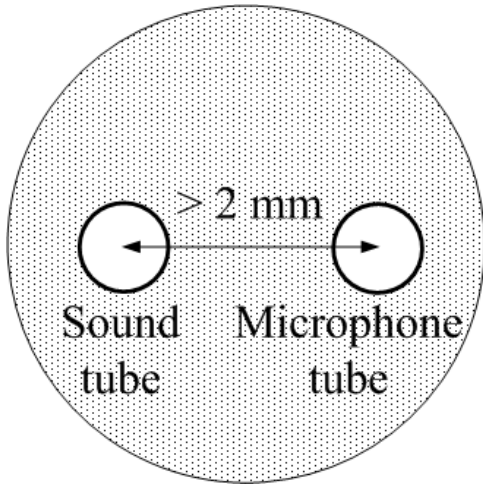
$$l_{ac} \neq l_{geo}$$

Eartip modifications?



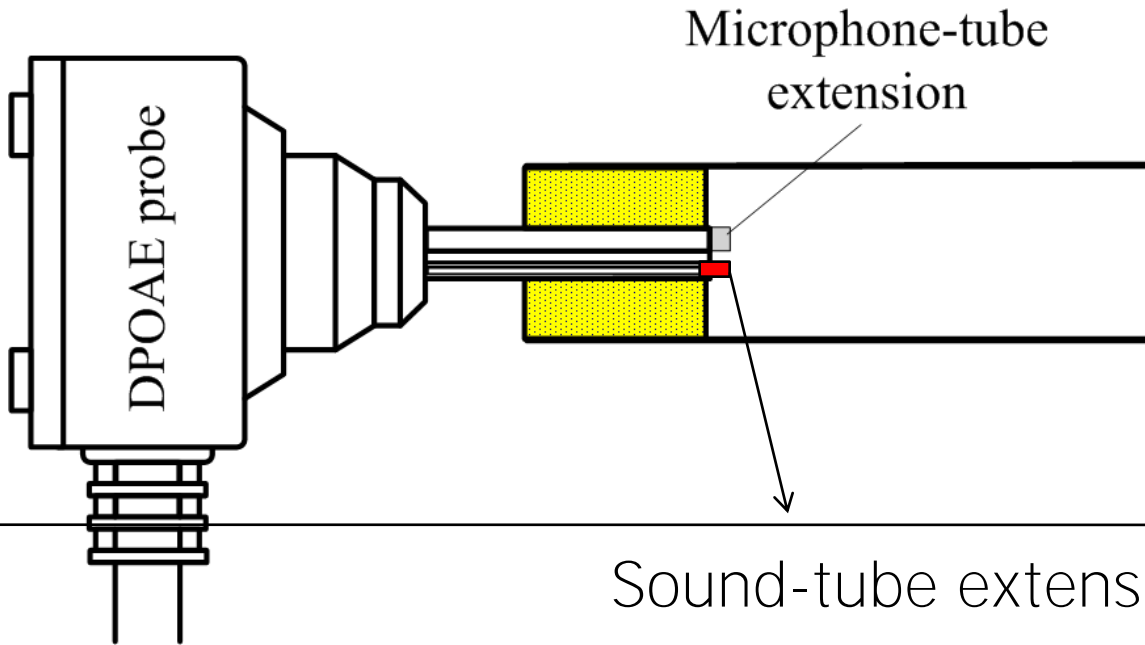
"Ways out"

Brass & Locke
(1997)



Ear canal width!


Huang et al.
(2000)

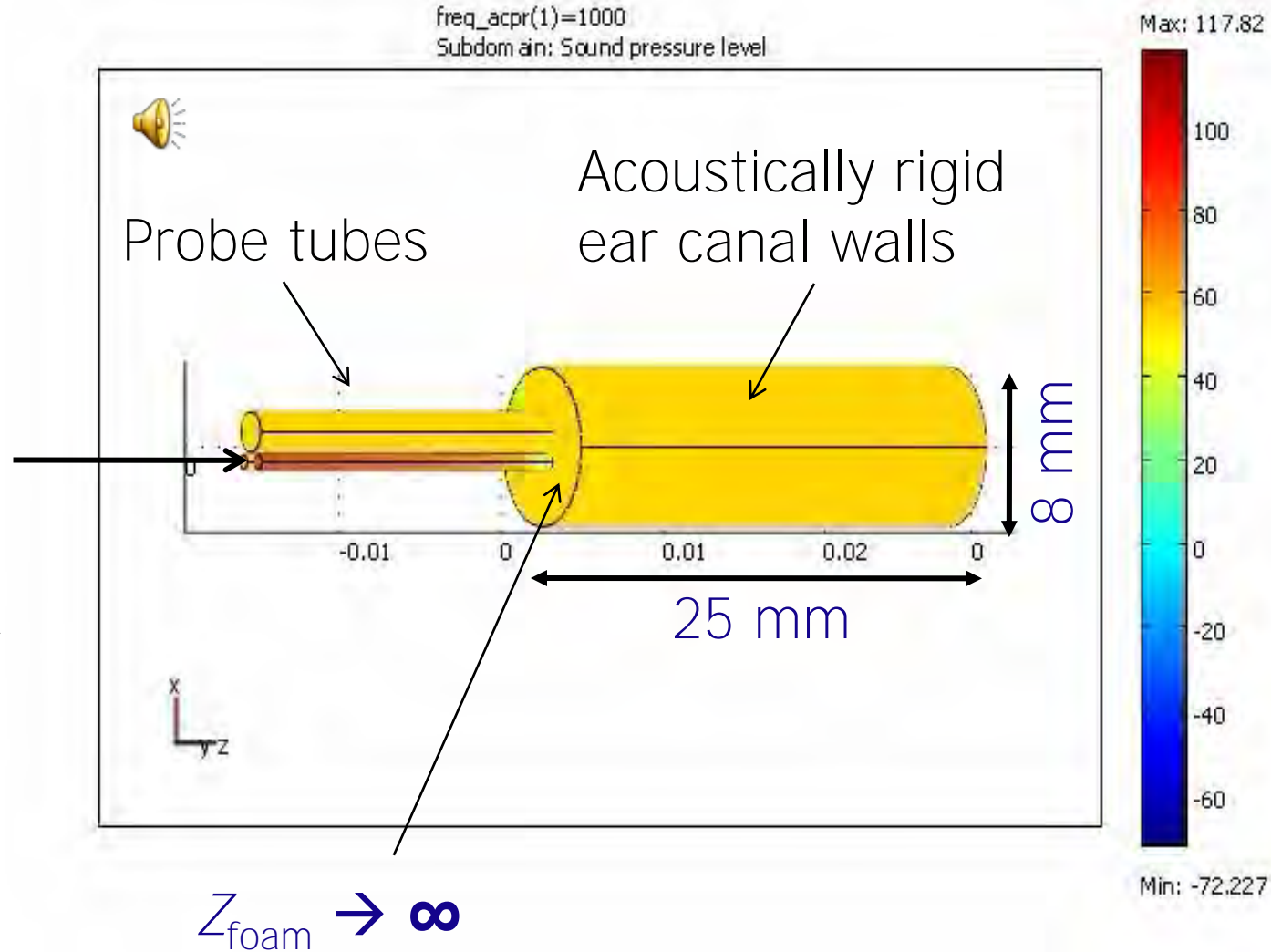


Generally applicable?

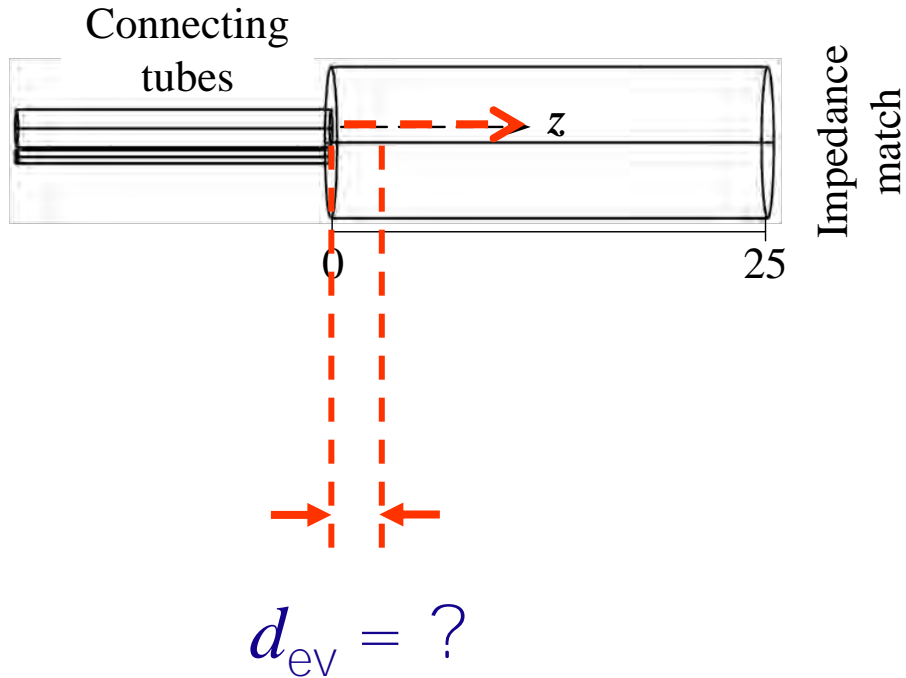
Sound-tube extension?

FE Modelling (Video)

PS: 
 $q_0 = 0.8 \text{ mm}^3/\text{s}$
Volume velocity
piston source



Decay length of the evanescent wave



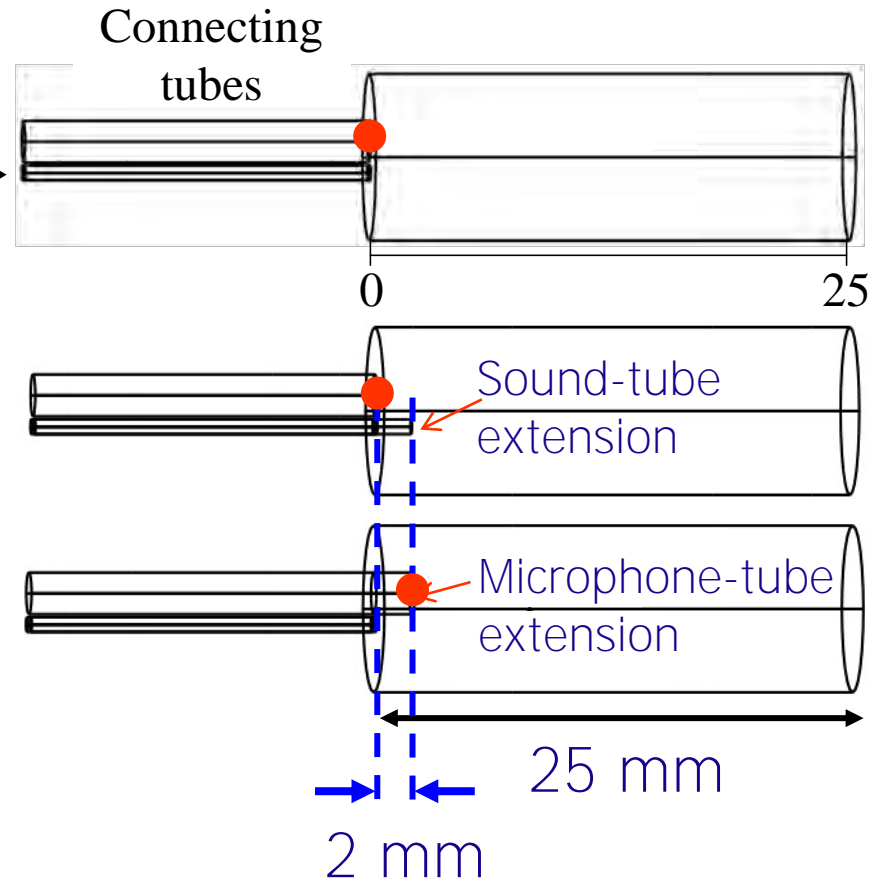
$$d_{ev} \approx 2 \text{ mm}$$

FE Modelling

PS: $q_0 = 0.8 \text{ mm}^3/\text{s}$ →

Volume velocity

piston source



Acoustically rigid boundary

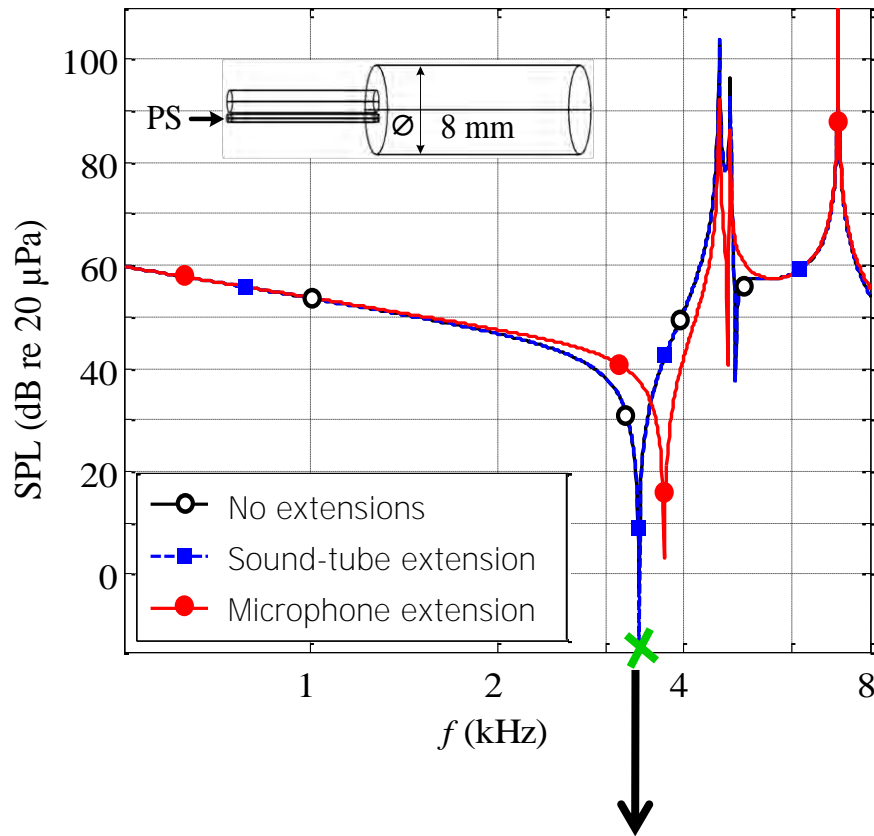
- Sound pressure level at microphone port

- Two ear canal models: EC model A ($\varnothing 8 \text{ mm}$)
EC model B ($\varnothing 12 \text{ mm}$)

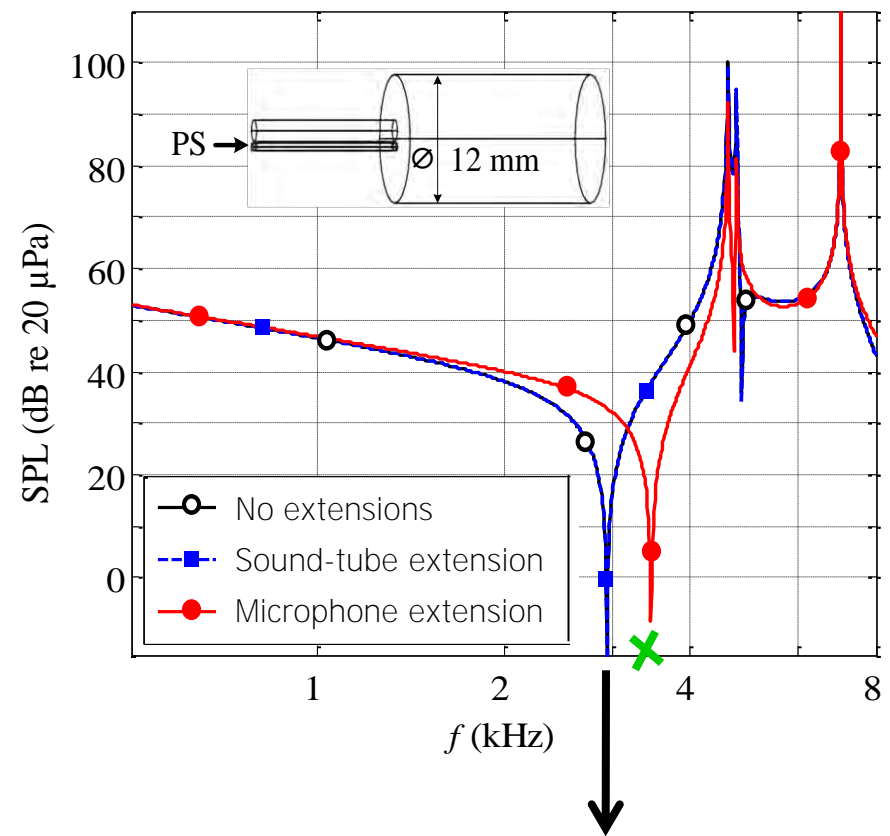
Results: FE Simulations

Expected for 25 mm ear canal $\rightarrow f_q = 3.5$ kHz

$$l_{ac} = c / (4f_q)$$

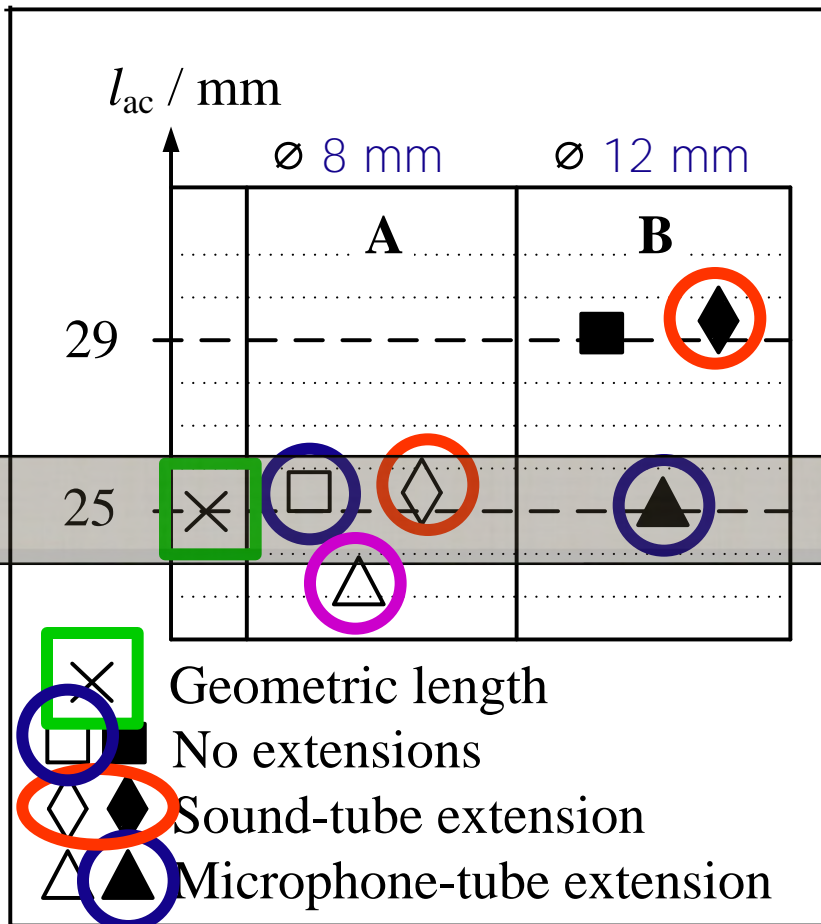


$f_{q,A} = 3.35$ kHz



$f_{q,B} = 2.94$ kHz

Acoustic Length Diagram



Results closest to geometric length:

EC model A

→ No extensions



EC model B

→ Microphone extension



Conclusion and Outlook



Acoustic length \neq Geometric length



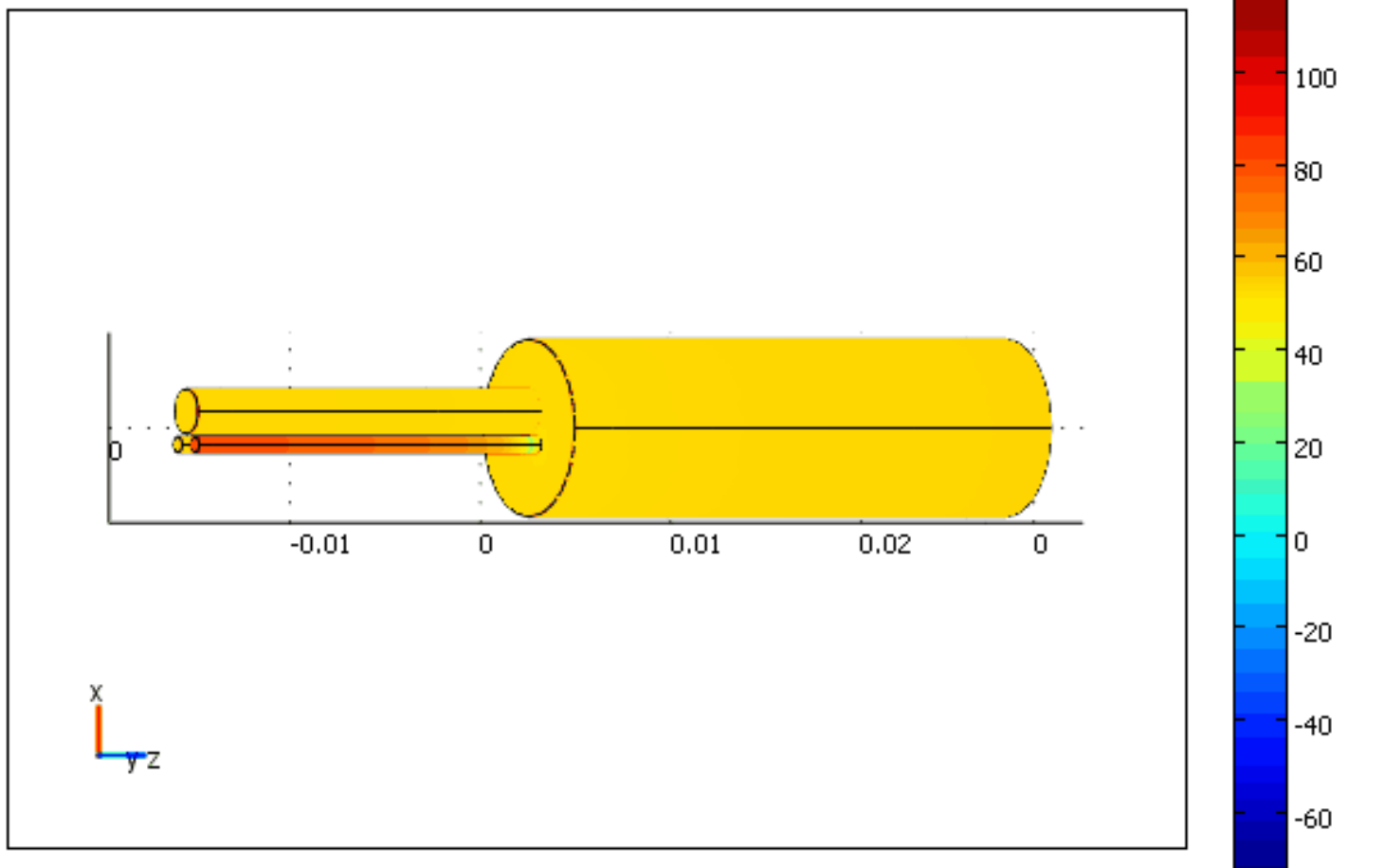


Thank you ...

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freq_acpr(1)=1000
Subdom ain: Sound pressure level



Min: -72.227